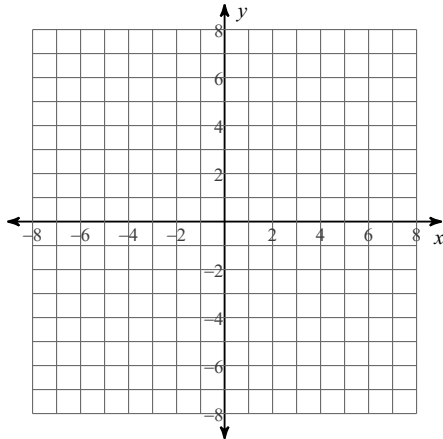


Solving Rational Equations by Graphing Day 2

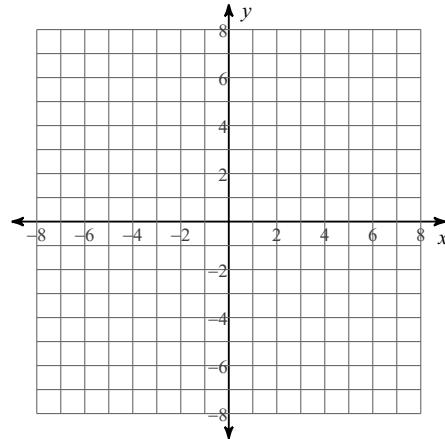
Date _____ Period _____

Identify the holes, asymptotes, intercepts, and domain of each. Then sketch the graph.

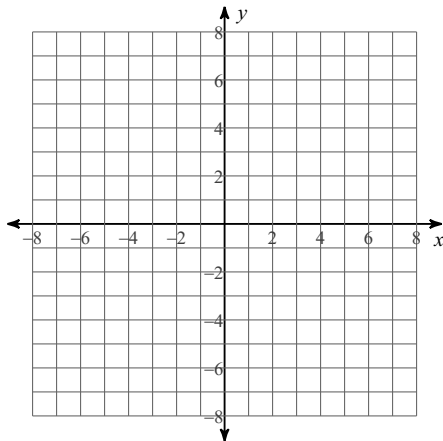
1) $f(x) = \frac{x^3 + x^2 - 12x}{4x^2 + 12x}$



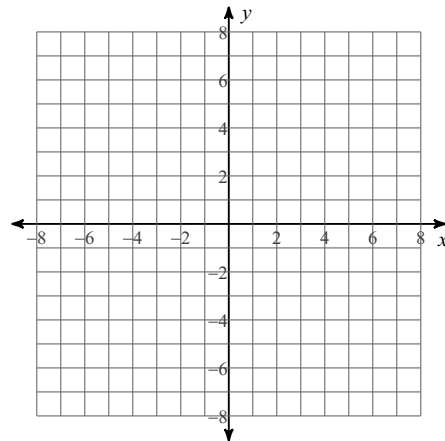
2) $f(x) = \frac{x}{4x + 16}$



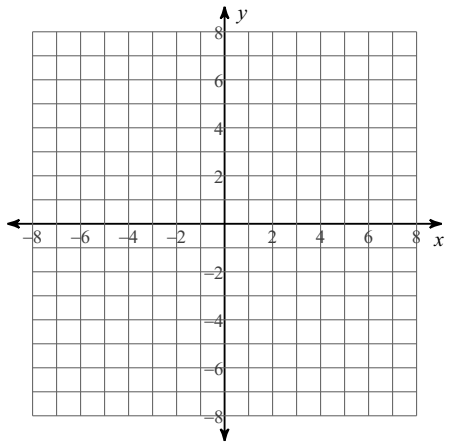
3) $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + x - 2}{2x^2 - 10x + 8}$



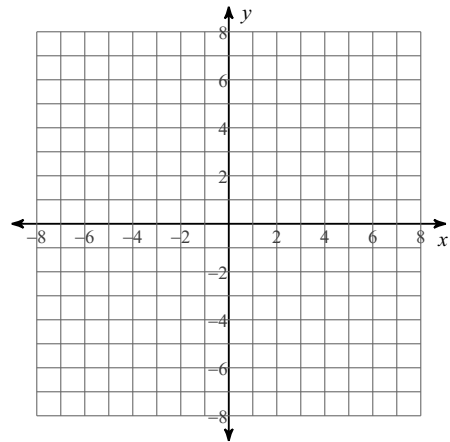
4) $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 4x}{-4x^2 - 12x - 8}$



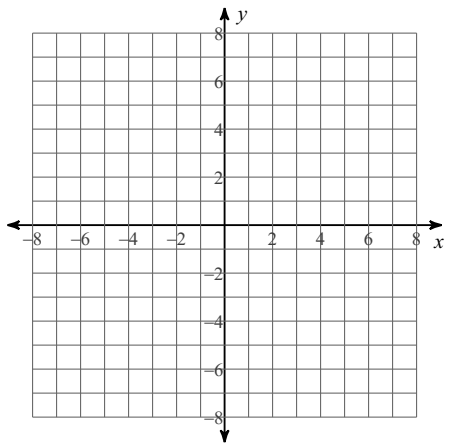
$$5) f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 16x}{-4x^2 + 4x}$$



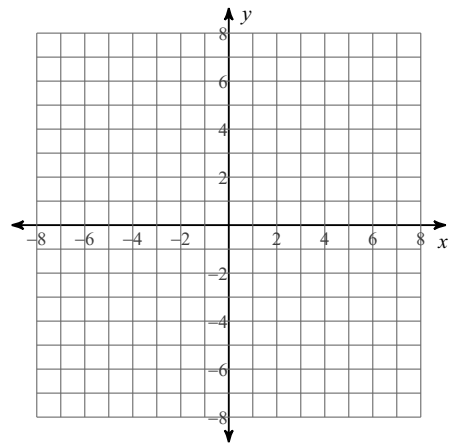
$$6) f(x) = \frac{x + 2}{4x + 12}$$



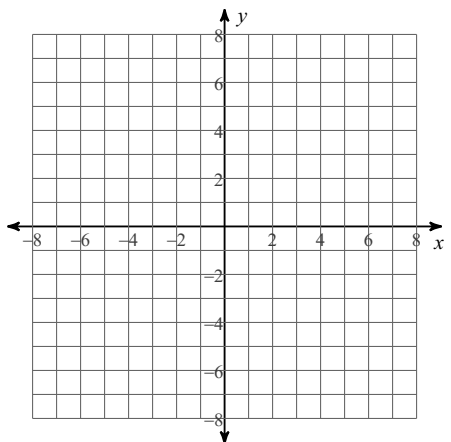
$$7) f(x) = \frac{-3x^2 - 3x + 18}{x^2 - 4}$$



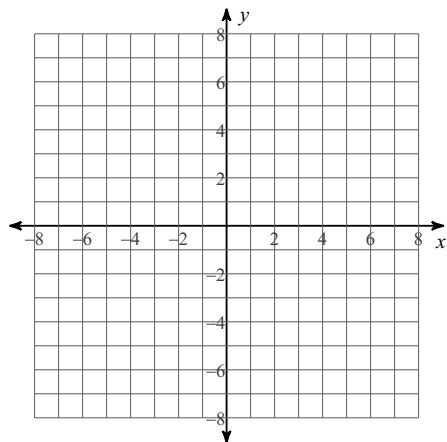
$$8) f(x) = \frac{x^3 + x^2 - 2x}{-3x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x}$$



$$9) f(x) = -\frac{3}{x^2 - x - 2}$$



$$10) f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x - 8}{x^2 + 2x - 3}$$



Simplify each expression.

$$11) \frac{6}{5m} - \frac{m+4}{m-3}$$

$$12) \frac{5}{3v} - \frac{v-2}{3v-3}$$

$$13) \frac{6x-4}{x+4} - \frac{5x}{4}$$

$$14) \frac{6x}{2x+3} - \frac{4}{x-6}$$

$$15) \frac{p+8}{p-10} \div \frac{7p+63}{p+9}$$

$$16) \frac{x^2 + 2x - 35}{x - 8} \div \frac{x - 5}{7x}$$

$$17) \frac{10}{10n-20} \div \frac{1}{n-1}$$

$$18) \frac{20r^3 - 60r^2}{3} \div \frac{12r - 36}{6}$$

$$19) \frac{b+2}{b^2 - 13b + 30} \cdot \frac{b^2 - 13b + 30}{b-2}$$

$$20) \frac{k-8}{k+9} \cdot \frac{k^2 - k - 90}{k-8}$$

$$21) \frac{12x+6}{4x} \cdot \frac{1}{12x+6}$$

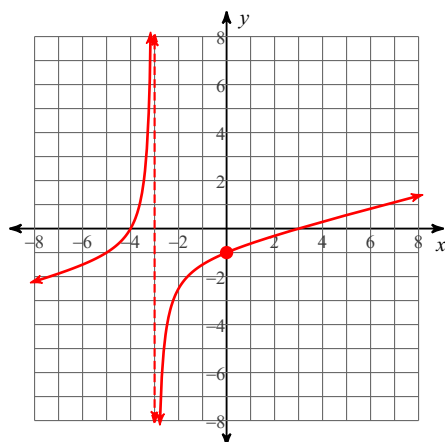
$$22) \frac{1}{n+7} \cdot \frac{10n+70}{n-9}$$

Solving Rational Equations by Graphing Day 2

Date _____ Period _____

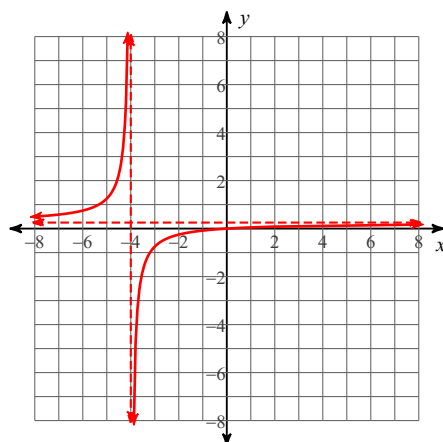
Identify the holes, asymptotes, intercepts, and domain of each. Then sketch the graph.

1) $f(x) = \frac{x^3 + x^2 - 12x}{4x^2 + 12x}$



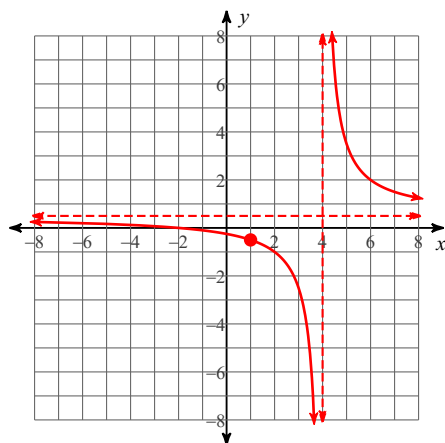
Vertical Asym.: $x = -3$
 Holes: $x = 0$
 Horz. Asym.: None
 X-intercepts: 3, -4
 Domain:
 All reals except -3, 0

2) $f(x) = \frac{x}{4x + 16}$



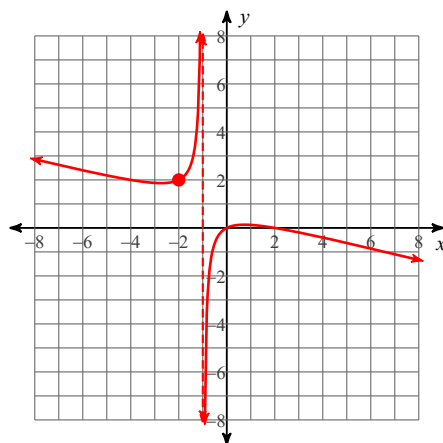
Vertical Asym.: $x = -4$
 Holes: None
 Horz. Asym.: $y = \frac{1}{4}$
 X-intercepts: 0
 Domain:
 All reals except -4

3) $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + x - 2}{2x^2 - 10x + 8}$



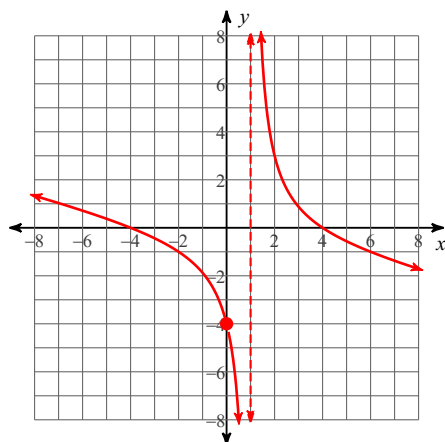
Vertical Asym.: $x = 4$
 Holes: $x = 1$
 Horz. Asym.: $y = \frac{1}{2}$
 X-intercepts: -2
 Domain:
 All reals except 4, 1

4) $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 4x}{-4x^2 - 12x - 8}$



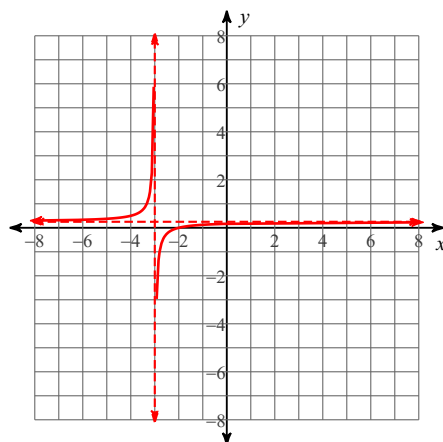
Vertical Asym.: $x = -1$
 Holes: $x = -2$
 Horz. Asym.: None
 X-intercepts: 0, 2
 Domain:
 All reals except -1, -2

$$5) f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 16x}{-4x^2 + 4x}$$



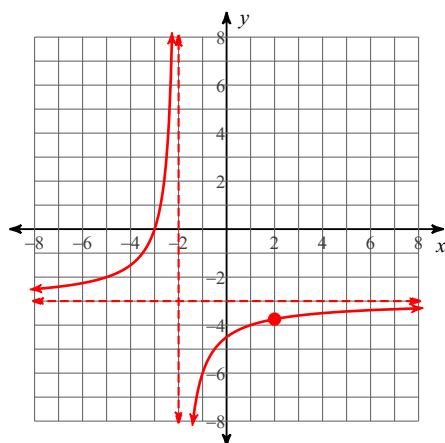
Vertical Asym.: $x = 1$
 Holes: $x = 0$
 Horz. Asym.: None
 X-intercepts: 4, -4
 Domain:
 All reals except 1, 0

$$6) f(x) = \frac{x + 2}{4x + 12}$$



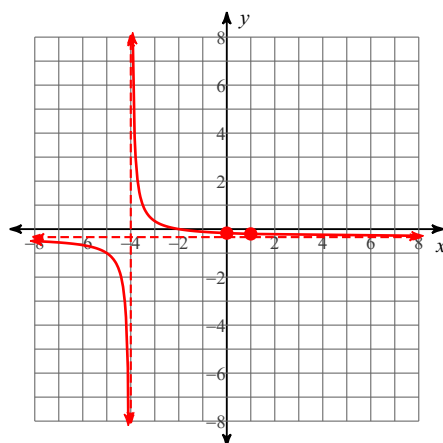
Vertical Asym.: $x = -3$
 Holes: None
 Horz. Asym.: $y = \frac{1}{4}$
 X-intercepts: -2
 Domain:
 All reals except -3

$$7) f(x) = \frac{-3x^2 - 3x + 18}{x^2 - 4}$$



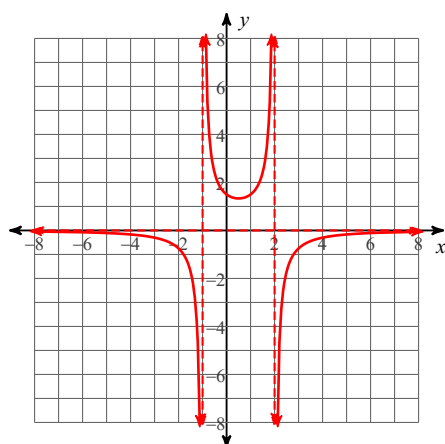
Vertical Asym.: $x = -2$
 Holes: $x = 2$
 Horz. Asym.: $y = -3$
 X-intercepts: -3
 Domain:
 All reals except -2, 2

$$8) f(x) = \frac{x^3 + x^2 - 2x}{-3x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x}$$



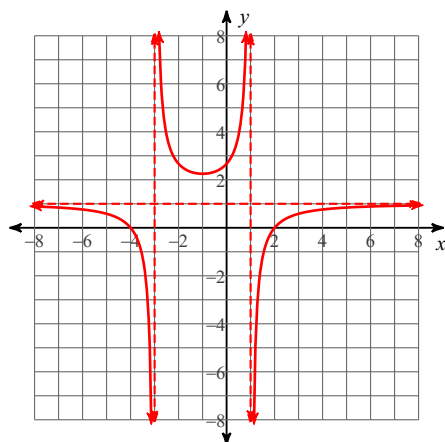
Vertical Asym.: $x = -4$
 Holes: $x = 0, x = 1$
 Horz. Asym.: $y = -\frac{1}{3}$
 X-intercepts: -2
 Domain:
 All reals except -4, 0, 1

$$9) f(x) = -\frac{3}{x^2 - x - 2}$$



Vertical Asym.: $x = 2, x = -1$
 Holes: None
 Horz. Asym.: $y = 0$
 X-intercepts: None
 Domain:
 All reals except 2, -1

$$10) f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x - 8}{x^2 + 2x - 3}$$



Vertical Asym.: $x = 1, x = -3$
 Holes: None
 Horz. Asym.: $y = 1$
 X-intercepts: 2, -4
 Domain:
 All reals except 1, -3

Simplify each expression.

$$11) \frac{6}{5m} - \frac{m+4}{m-3} = \frac{-14m-18-5m^2}{5m(m-3)}$$

$$12) \frac{5}{3v} - \frac{v-2}{3v-3} = \frac{7v-5-v^2}{3v(v-1)}$$

$$13) \frac{6x-4}{x+4} - \frac{5x}{4} = \frac{4x-16-5x^2}{4(x+4)}$$

$$14) \frac{6x}{2x+3} - \frac{4}{x-6} = \frac{6x^2-44x-12}{(x-6)(2x+3)}$$

$$15) \frac{p+8}{p-10} \div \frac{7p+63}{p+9} = \frac{p+8}{7(p-10)}$$

$$16) \frac{x^2+2x-35}{x-8} \div \frac{x-5}{7x} = \frac{7x(x+7)}{x-8}$$

$$17) \frac{10}{10n-20} \div \frac{1}{n-1} = \frac{n-1}{n-2}$$

$$18) \frac{20r^3-60r^2}{3} \div \frac{12r-36}{6} = \frac{10r^2}{3}$$

$$19) \frac{b+2}{b^2-13b+30} \cdot \frac{b^2-13b+30}{b-2} = \frac{b+2}{b-2}$$

$$20) \frac{k-8}{k+9} \cdot \frac{k^2-k-90}{k-8} = k-10$$

$$21) \frac{12x+6}{4x} \cdot \frac{1}{12x+6} = \frac{1}{4x}$$

$$22) \frac{1}{n+7} \cdot \frac{10n+70}{n-9} = \frac{10}{n-9}$$